The Clorox Company



Reconciliation of earnings from continuing operations before income taxes to $\text{EBIT}^{(1)}$ and $\text{EBITDA}^{(2)(3)}$

Dollars in millions and percentages based on rounded numbers

	FY 2012										FY 2013			
	Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4		FY		Q1		Q2	
	9/30/11		12/31/11		3/31/2012		6/30/12		6/30/12		9/30/12		12/31/12	
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	\$	187	\$	155	\$	198	\$	251	\$	791	\$	194	\$	188
Interest income		(1)		(1)		-		(1)		(3)		-		(1)
Interest expense		29		30		33		33		125		33		33
EBIT ⁽¹⁾		215		184		231		283		913		227		220
EBIT margin ⁽¹⁾		16.5%		15.1%		16.5%		18.4%		16.7%		17.0%		16.6%
Depreciation and amortization		46		43		44		45		178		44		46
EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$	261	\$	227	\$	275	\$	328	\$	1,091	\$	271	\$	266
EBITDA margin ⁽²⁾		20.0%		18.6%		19.6%		21.3%		20.0%		20.3%		20.1%
Netsales	\$	1,305	\$	1,221	\$	1,401	\$	1,541	\$	5,468	\$	1,338	\$	1,325

(1) EBIT (a non-GAAP measure) represents earnings from continuing operations before income taxes (a GAAP measure), excluding interest income and interest expense, as reported above. EBIT margin is a measure of EBIT as a percentage of net sales.

(2) EBITDA (a non-GAAP measure) represents earnings from continuing operations before income taxes (a GAAP measure), excluding interest income, interest expense, depreciation and amortization, as reported above. EBITDA margin is a measure of EBITDA as a percentage of net sales.

(3) In accordance with the SEC's Regulation G, this schedule provides the definition of certain non-GAAP measures and the reconciliation to the most closely related GAAP measure. Management believes the presentation of EBIT, EBIT margin, EBITDA and EBITDA margin provides additional useful information to investors about current trends in the business.

Note: The Company calculates EBITDA for compliance with its debt covenants using net earnings for the trailing four quarters, as contractually defined.