# **PlasmaBond® Coatings**

**Bolting Solutions** 

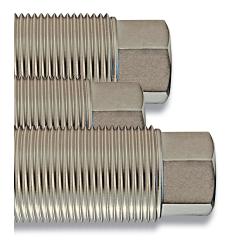
Nuclear Power Products and Services











#### PlasmaBond® Soft-Metal Engineered Surfaces

PlasmaBond coatings are highly adherent soft-metal engineered surfaces applied in a thin layer to the substrate using the PlasmaBond enhanced vacuum-coating process.

#### **Benefits**

- Superior bonding molecularly bonded to the substrate
- Stands up to high loads, elevated temperatures, and long stagnant times that benefit critical bolting applications
- · Reduces wear
  - Does not migrate away from the working surface
  - Maintains constant contact with substrate during assembly and disassembly
- · Reduces galling
  - Creates a metallurgical contrast on the natural surface of mating parts
  - Soft-metal surface is malleable, enabling the coating to stay attached to the surface of the substrate
- Properties of the underlying material are not affected

#### **Realized Results**

- Less part maintenance or part cleaning required
- Fewer repairs; reduced damage to parts
- Reduces the risk of stuck studs
- Extended component life
- Greater operational reliability
- Extended maintenance intervals
- Reduced time for disassembly
- Reduced personnel dose
- Reduced critical path time

### PlasmaBond® Coatings

**Bolting Solutions** 



The PlasmaBond process is the application of a thin soft-metal film that, using a vacuum method, molecularly bonds the coating to the substrate. The two-part procedure results in superior bonding strength without affecting the properties of the underlying materials.

#### Cleaning

The part surface is thoroughly cleaned using solvent, glass-bead blasting, and backsputtering in order to promote the desired adhesion of the deposited surface.

#### Coating

- 1. The engineered surfaces are deposited from a low-pressure energetic vapor flux (mixture of ions, recombined neutrals, and vapor).
- 2. The flux surrounds the parts, and the metal is introduced using heated filaments.
- 3. A negative electrical charge is applied to create the plasma and to attract the metal ions.
- 4. Evaporant ions are accelerated toward the substrate and impact with kinetic energy that produces a strong bond with the substrate.

## Does not affect the properties of the underlying materials:

- The PlasmaBond process uses a low flux density, which limits the number of energetic impacts so that temperature increase in the substrate material is negligible.
- Deposited materials used in this process are very pure to ensure that potentially harmful trace contaminants are not present.

#### **Applying PlasmaBond**

Existing Parts: With the PlasmaBond mobile unit, we can process existing parts on site at the plant, or parts can be shipped to a decon facility and processed under that facility's license.

New Parts: We process new parts at our facility in Middleburg Heights, Ohio, and deliver to your plant ready for assembly.



#### **PlasmaBond Applications**

PlasmaBond is typically applied to the male connecting parts, such as studs, bolts, and screws. Examples include:

- Reactor Vessel Studs
- Turbine Coupling Studs
- Steam Generator Studs
- Pump Casing Studs

- Steam Generator Hand Hold Bolts
- Flange Coupling Bolts
- PORV Body Flange Bolts
- Turbine Coupling Studs

