

Safe Harbor Statement and Non-GAAP Results

These materials contain forward-looking information. Words such as "anticipate," "assume," "estimate," "expect," "farget" "project," "predict," "intend," "plan," "believe," "potential," "may," "should" and similar expressions may identify forward-looking information. Forward-looking information in these materials includes, but is not limited to information regarding:;2019 adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP operating profit targets; expected synergies and contributions to future earnings related to the Dunbar acquisition; 2018 and 2019 tax rate outlook and future U.S. cash tax payments; net debt and leverage outlook and future investment in and results of acquisitions.

Forward-looking information in this document is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and contingencies, which are difficult to predict or quantify, and which could cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those that are anticipated. These risks, uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control, include, but are not limited to: our ability to improve profitability and execute further cost and operational improvement and efficiencies in our core businesses; our ability to improve service levels and quality in our core businesses; market volatility and commodity price fluctuations; seasonality, pricing and other competitive industry factors; investment in information technology and its impact on revenue and profit growth; our ability to maintain an effective IT infrastructure and safeguard confidential information; our ability to effectively develop and implement solutions for our customers; risks associated with operating in foreign countries, including changing political, labor and economic conditions, regulatory issues, currency restrictions and devaluations, restrictions on and cost of repatriating earnings and capital, impact on the Company's financial results as a result of jurisdictions determined to be highly inflationary, and restrictive government actions, including nationalization; labor issues, including negotiations with organized labor and work stoppages; the strength of the U.S. dollar relative to foreign currencies and foreign currency exchange rates; our ability to identify, evaluate and complete acquisitions and other strategic transactions and to successfully integrate acquired companies; costs related to dispositions and market exits; our ability to obtain appropriate insurance coverage, positions taken by insurers relative to claims and the financial condition of insurers; safety and security performance and loss experience; employee, environmental and other liabilities in connection with former coal operations, including black lung claims; the impact of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act on legacy liabilities and ongoing operations; funding requirements, accounting treatment, and investment performance of our pension plans, the VEBA and other employee benefits; changes to estimated liabilities and assets in actuarial assumptions; the nature of hedging relationships and counterparty risk; access to the capital and credit markets; our ability to realize deferred tax assets; the outcome of pending and future claims, litigation, and administrative proceedings; public perception of our business, reputation and brand; changes in estimates and assumptions underlying critical accounting policies; the promulgation and adoption of new accounting standards, new government regulations and interpretation of existing standards and regulations.

This list of risks, uncertainties and contingencies is not intended to be exhaustive. Additional factors that could cause our results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements can be found under "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2017, and in our other public filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The forward-looking information discussed today and included in these materials is representative as of today only and The Brink's Company undertakes no obligation to update any information contained in this document.

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Today's presentation is focused primarily on non-GAAP results. Detailed reconciliations of non-GAAP to GAAP results are included in the appendix and in the May 9, 2018 Wells Fargo Conference presentation available in the Investor Presentations section of the Brink's website: www.brinks.com.

Dunbar Acquisition Overview

Core Acquisition in Core Market

- Combines #2 and #4 largest U.S. cash management companies
- \$520M purchase price
 - Funded from available cash
- Expected additional Capex of ~\$50 million
- Expected to close by end of 2018
 - Subject to regulatory approval and customary conditions

Strong Returns

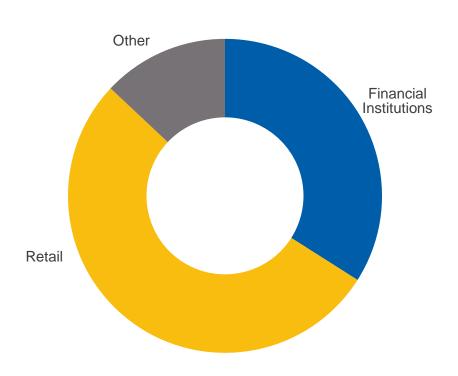
- \$390M LTM revenue
- \$43M LTM adjusted EBITDA
- \$40 \$45M of expected cost synergies
- 6.5x 7.0x adjusted EBITDA postsynergy purchase multiple (including expected Capex)
- Expected to be accretive in year 1
- Expected to add ~\$0.90 to non-GAAP EPS in year 2
- Provides significant tax benefits

Dunbar Business Overview

Operations

- Strong management team
- National footprint
- Complementary customer base includes small-to-medium sized retailers and financial institutions
- 78 branch facilities
- 5,400 employees
- 1,600 vehicles

Customers



Accelerate Profitable Growth in U.S. - Dunbar Contribution

Fleet Investments

- Transition to lower cost vehicles
- Reduce operating costs

Route Density

- Optimize routes to reduce operating costs
- Expanded customer base

Sales/CompuSafe® Services

- Retail customer base expands CompuSafe opportunities
- Increase penetration of small-to-medium sized customers

Network/Administrative Optimization

- Rationalize branch and administrative facilities
- Targeted completion by end of 2021

Significant Tax Benefits

- Effective tax rate (ETR) reduction beginning in 2019
- No cash taxes expected in U.S. for at least 6 years

Non-GAAP Income Tax Evolution

2018 ETR		2019 ETR Changes	Initiatives
Statutory tax rates ¹ Argentina Brazil Chile Colombia France Israel ² Mexico	35% 34% 26% 40% 34% 37% 30%	2018 ETR 37% Dunbar acquisition (year 1) & other initiatives -2%	 Dunbar acquisition incl. 338(h)(10) election Favorable impact from other M&A initiatives U.S. Foreign Tax Credit/withholding taxes Global capital structure optimization
Global wtd. avg. Tax law and acquisition related changes Withholding taxes	32% 3% 2%		 Mexico – improve expense deductibility Favorable pending tax law changes
2018 ETR 2018 Cash tax rate	37% 27%	2019 ETR outlook 35% 2019 Cash tax rate <25%	Future ETR target 31% - 33%

No U.S. Federal cash tax payments for at least 6 years

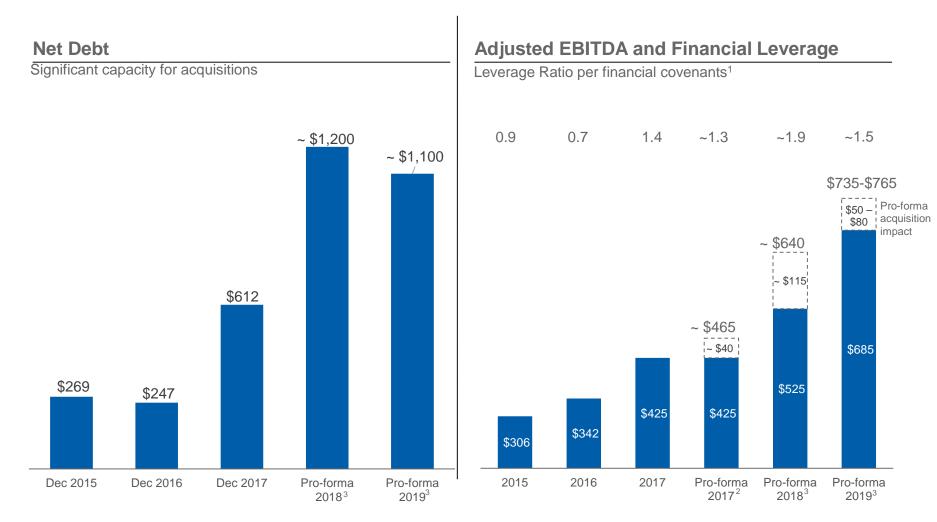
Note: See detailed reconciliations of non-GAAP to GAAP results included in the First Quarter 2018 Earnings Release available in the Quarterly Results section of the Brink's website: www.brinks.com. Amounts may not add due to rounding.

[.] Top 7 in alphabetical order; U.S. has no statutory earnings

Including dividend withholding taxes

Net Debt and Leverage

Assumes \$685 in acquisitions in 2018 and \$115 in 2019 (Non-GAAP, \$ Millions)



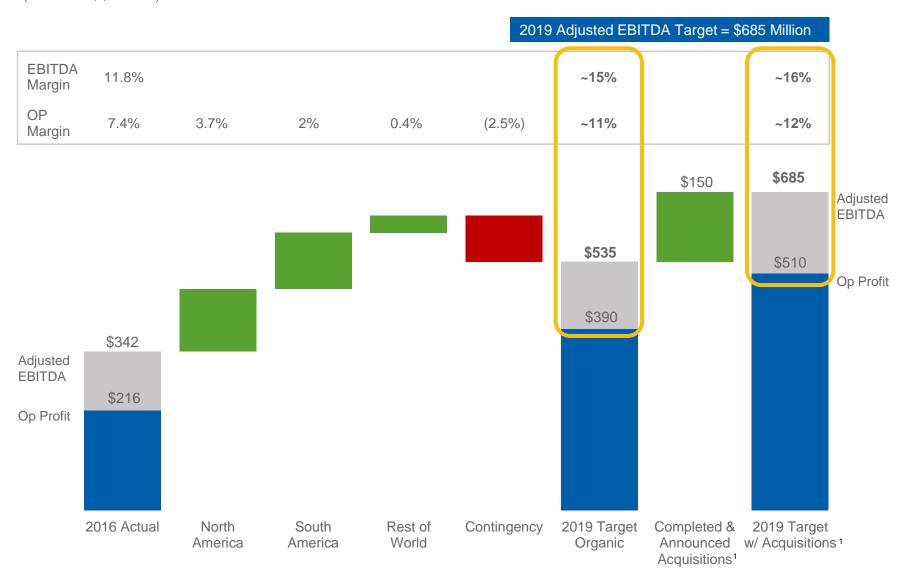
Net Debt divided by Adjusted EBITDA

Additional pro-forma impact (TTM) based on post-closing synergies of closed acquisitions.

Forecasted utilization based on business plan through 2019 including \$685 million of acquisitions in 2018 and \$115 million in 2019. Includes additional pro-forma Adjusted EBITDA and cash flow impact based on post-closing synergies of closed, announced and potential acquisitions.

Strategy 1.0 + 1.5 = Core Organic Growth + Acquisitions

(Non-GAAP, \$ Millions)

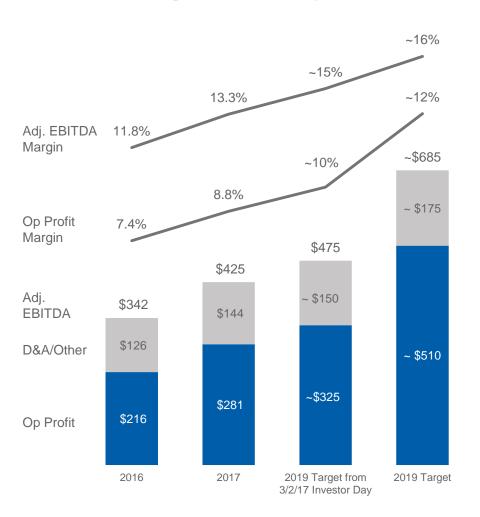


Note: See detailed reconciliations of non-GAAP to GAAP results in the appendix and in the May 9, 2018 Wells Fargo Conference presentation available in the Investor Presentations section of the Brink's website: www.brinks.com.

3 Year Strategic Plan – 2019 EBITDA Target Increased 45%

(Non-GAAP, \$ Millions)

Operating Profit & Adj. EBITDA



Expected Benefits

- Deploys ~85% of \$800 million acquisition target through 2019
 - Core Core accretive acquisitions at less than 6.5x post synergy Adjusted EBITDA multiple
- "Excess" cash fully deployed at attractive returns
 - Financed at attractive long-term rates
- Substantial tax rate improvement
 - No U.S. cash taxes for 6 plus years

Doubles Adjusted EBITDA over 3 year plan from \$342 to ~\$685



Strong Leadership Demonstrating Results

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Non-GAAP Reconciliation — Outlook

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries 2019 Guidance (Unaudited)

(In millions, except as noted)

	2019 GAAP Outlook	Reconciling ltems ^(a)	2019 Non-GAAP Outlook ^(a)	
Operating profit	Not provided	Not provided	\$	510
Adjusted EBITDA	Not provided	Not provided		~ 685

(a) The 2019 Non-GAAP outlook amount for operating profit excludes the impact of other items not allocated to segments.

2019 Non-GAAP operating profit and Adjusted EBITDA cannot be reconciled to GAAP without unreasonable effort. We cannot reconcile these amounts to GAAP because we are unable to accurately forecast the tax impact of Venezuela operations and the related exchange rates used to measure those operations.

Non-GAAP Results Reconciled to GAAP (1 of 3)

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries Non-GAAP Reconciliations

(In millions)

	2015 Full Year
Revenues:	
GAAP	3,061.4
Venezuela operations ^(a)	(84.5)
Non-GAAP	2,976.9
Operating profit (loss):	
GAAP	96.4
Venezuela operations ^(a)	45.6
Reorganization and Restructuring ^(a)	15.3
Acquisitions and dispositions(a)	10.2
Non-GAAP	167.5
Taxes:	
GAAP	66.5
Retirement plans(c)	10.8
Venezuela operations ^(a)	(5.5)
Reorganization and Restructuring ^(a)	3.9
Acquisitions and dispositions ^(a)	1.4
Tax on accelerated U.S. income ^(b)	(23.5)
Non-GAAP	53.6

Amounts may not add due to rounding. See slide 15 for footnote explanations.

Non-GAAP Results Reconciled to GAAP (2 of 3)

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries Non-GAAP Reconciliations

(In millions)

	2015 Full Year	
Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Brink's:		
GAAP	(9.1)	
Retirement plans(c)	20.4	
Venezuela operations ^(a)	32.1	
Reorganization and Restructuring ^(a)	11.4	
Acquisitions and dispositions ^(a)	8.8	
Tax on accelerated U.S. income ^(b)	23.5	
Non-GAAP	87.1	
Depreciation and Amortization:		
GAAP	139.9	
Venezuela operations ^(a)	(3.9)	
Acquisitions and dispositions ^(a)	(4.2)	
Non-GAAP	131.8	

Amounts may not add due to rounding. See slide 15 for footnote explanations.

Non-GAAP Results Reconciled to GAAP (3 of 3)

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries Non-GAAP Reconciliations

(In millions)

	Full Year
Adjusted EBITDA ^(e) :	
Net income (loss) attributable to Brink's - GAAP	(11.9)
Interest expense - GAAP	18.9
Income tax provision - GAAP	66.5
Depreciation and amortization - GAAP	139.9
EBITDA	213.4
Discontinued operations - GAAP	2.8
Retirement plans ^(c)	31.2
Venezuela operations ^(a)	22.7
Reorganization and Restructuring ^(a)	15.3
Acquisitions and dispositions ^(a)	6.0
Share-based compensation ^(d)	14.1
Adjusted EBITDA	305.5

Amounts may not add due to rounding.

- (a) See "Other Items Not Allocated To Segments" on slide 16 for details. We do not consider these items to be reflective of our core operating performance due to the variability of such items from period-to-period in terms of size, nature and significance.
- (b) The non-GAAP tax rate excludes the U.S. tax on a transaction that accelerated U.S. taxable income because it will be offset by foreign tax benefits in future years.
- (c) Our U.S. retirement plans are frozen and costs related to these plans are excluded from non-GAAP results. Certain non-U.S. operations also have retirement plans. Settlement charges related to these non-U.S. plans are also excluded from non-GAAP results.
- (d) There is no difference between GAAP and non-GAAP share-based compensation amounts for the periods presented.
- (e) Adjusted EBITDA is defined as non-GAAP income from continuing operations excluding the impact of non-GAAP interest expense, non-GAAP income tax provision, non-GAAP depreciation and amortization and non-GAAP share-based compensation.

2015

Non-GAAP Reconciliation — Other

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries Other Items Not Allocated to Segments (Unaudited)

Brink's measures its segment results before income and expenses for corporate activities and for certain other items. A summary of the other items not allocated to segment results is below.

Venezuela operations We have excluded from our segment results all of our Venezuela operating results, due to the Venezuelan government's restrictions that have prevented us from repatriating funds. As a result, the Chief Executive Officer, the Company's Chief Operating Decision maker ("CODM"), assesses segment performance and makes resource decisions by segment excluding Venezuela operating results.

Reorganization and Restructuring

2015 Restructuring

Brink's initiated a restructuring of its business in the third quarter of 2015. We recognized \$11.6 million in related 2015 costs and an additional \$6.5 million in 2016 related to this restructuring. The actions under this program were substantially completed by the end of 2016, with cumulative pretax charges of approximately \$18 million.

Due to the unique circumstances around these charges, they have not been allocated to segment results and are excluded from non-GAAP results.

Acquisitions and dispositions Certain acquisition and disposition items that are not considered part of the ongoing activities of the business and are special in nature are consistently excluded from non-GAAP results. These items are described below: 2015 Acquisitions and Dispositions

- These items related primarily to Brink's sale of its 70% interest in a cash management business in Russia in the fourth quarter of 2015 from which we recognized a \$5.9 million loss on the sale.
- Amortization expense for acquisition-related intangible assets was \$4.2 million in 2015. These costs have been excluded from our segment and our consolidated non-GAAP results.

Non-GAAP Reconciliation — Net Debt

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries Non-GAAP Reconciliations — Net Debt (Unaudited)

(In millions)

	December 31, 2015	
Debt:		
Short-term borrowings	\$	32.6
Long-term debt		397.9
Total Debt		430.5
Restricted cash borrowings ^(a)		(3.5)
Total Debt without restricted cash borrowings		427.0
Less:		
Cash and cash equivalents		181.9
Amounts held by Cash Management Services operations(b)		(24.2)
Cash and cash equivalents available for general corporate purposes		157.7
Net Debt	\$	269.3

Net Debt is a supplemental non-GAAP financial measure that is not required by, or presented in accordance with GAAP. We use Net Debt as a measure of our financial leverage. We believe that investors also may find Net Debt to be helpful in evaluating our financial leverage. Net Debt should not be considered as an alternative to Debt determined in accordance with GAAP and should be reviewed in conjunction with our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Set forth above is a reconciliation of Net Debt, a non-GAAP financial measure, to Debt, which is the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and reported in accordance with GAAP, as of December 31, 2015..

a) Restricted cash borrowings are related to cash borrowed under lending arrangements used in the process of managing customer cash supply chains, which is currently classified as restricted cash and not available for general corporate purposes.

b) Title to cash received and processed in certain of our secure Cash Management Services operations transfers to us for a short period of time. The cash is generally credited to customers' accounts the following day and we do not consider it as available for general corporate purposes in the management of our liquidity and capital resources and in our computation of Net Debt.