CLOROX

The Clorox Company

Earnings Before Interest and Taxes (EBIT), Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) (1)

Reconciliation schedule of earnings before income taxes to EBIT and EBITDA

Dollars in millions and percentages based on rounded numbers

	FY 2008	FY 2009										FY 2010										
	FY	Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4		FY		Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4		FY		
	6/30/08	<u> </u>	9/30/08		12/31/08		3/31/09		6/30/09		6/30/09		9/30/09		12/31/09		3/31/10		6/30/10		6/30/10	
Earnings before income taxes	\$ 693	\$	186	\$	131	\$	233	\$	261	\$	811	\$	244	\$	163	\$	243	\$	275	\$	925	
Interest income	(12)		(1)		(1)		(1)		(1)		(4)		(1)		(1)		-		(1)		(3)	
Interest expense	168		42		44		39		36		161		36		37		34		32		139	
EBIT (2)	849		227		174		271		296		968		279		199		277		306		1,061	
EBIT margin (2)	16.1%		16.4%		14.3%	2	20.1%		19.7%		17.8%		20.3%		15.6%	2	20.3%	2	20.2%		19.2%	
Depreciation and amortization	205	_	47		46		49		48		190		48		47		44		46		185	
EBITDA (3)	\$ 1,054	<u>\$</u>	274	\$	220	\$	320	\$	344	\$	1,158	\$	327	\$	246	\$	321	\$	352	\$	1,246	
EBITDA margin ⁽³⁾	20.0%		19.8%		18.1%	2	23.7%	2	22.9%		21.2%		23.8%		19.2%	2	23.5%	2	23.2%		22.5%	
Net sales	\$ 5,273	\$	1,384	\$	1,216	\$	1,350	\$	1,500	\$	5,450	\$	1,372	\$	1,279	\$	1,366	\$	1,517	\$	5,534	
Debt to EBITDA (4)	3.3										2.7										2.2	
Total debt ⁽⁵⁾	\$3,475										\$3,149										\$2,795	

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with SEC's Regulation G, this schedule provides the definition of certain non-GAAP measures and the reconciliation to the most closely related GAAP measure. Management believes the presentation of EBIT, EBIT margin, EBITDA and EBITDA margin provides additional useful information to investors about current trends in the business.

⁽²⁾ EBIT (a non-GAAP measure) represents earnings before income taxes (a GAAP measure), excluding interest income and interest expense, as reported above. EBIT margin is a measure of EBIT as a percentage of net sales.

⁽³⁾ EBITDA (a non-GAAP measure) represents earnings before income taxes (a GAAP measure), excluding interest income, interest expense, depreciation and amortization, as reported above. EBITDA margin is a measure of EBITDA as a percentage of net sales.

⁽⁴⁾ Debt to EBITDA (a non-GAAP measure) represents total debt divided by EBITDA.

⁽⁵⁾ Total debt represents the sum of notes and loans payable, current maturities of long-term debt, and long-term debt.