

The tables below present the reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures and other supplemental information. See "Non-GAAP Financial Information" above for further information regarding the company's use of non-GAAP financial measures.

Fourth-Quarter Sales Growth Reconciliation

	Q4 Fiscal 2013	Q4 Fiscal 2012
Base sales growth – non-GAAP	1.3%	3.2%
Foreign exchange	-0.9	-0.8
Acquisitions		1.6
Total sales growth – GAAP	0.4%	4.0%

Fiscal Year Sales Growth Reconciliation

	Fiscal 2013	Fiscal 2012
Base sales growth – non-GAAP	2.7%	3.8%
Foreign exchange	-0.6	-0.2
Acquisitions	0.7	0.9
Total sales growth – GAAP	2.8%	4.5%

Fourth-Quarter EBIT⁽¹⁾ Margin Reconciliation

	Q4 Fiscal 2013	Q4 Fiscal 2012
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes – GAAP	\$269	\$251
Interest Income Interest Expense	-1 26	-1 33
EBIT ⁽¹⁾ – non-GAAP	\$294	\$283
EBIT margin ⁽²⁾ – non-GAAP	19.0%	18.4%
Net Sales	\$1,547	\$1,541

Fiscal Year EBIT⁽¹⁾ Margin Reconciliation

	Fiscal 2013	Fiscal 2012
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes – GAAP	\$853	\$791
Interest Income Interest Expense	-3 122	-3 125
EBIT ⁽¹⁾ – non-GAAP	\$972	\$913
EBIT margin ⁽²⁾ – non-GAAP	17.3%	16.7%
Net Sales	\$5,623	\$5,468
Depreciation and Amortization	\$182	\$178
EBITDA ⁽³⁾ - non-GAAP	\$1,154	\$1,091
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Debt to EBITDA ⁽⁴⁾	2.1	2.5
Total Debt ⁽⁵⁾	\$2,372	\$2,721

⁽¹⁾ EBIT represents Earnings from Continuing Operations Before Interest and Taxes

For Gross Margin Drivers, please refer to the Supplemental Information: Gross Margin Driver page in the Financial Results section of the company's website TheCloroxCompany.com.

⁽²⁾ EBIT margin is a measure of EBIT as a percentage of net sales.

⁽³⁾ EBITDA represents Earnings from Continuing Operations Before Interest, Taxes and Depreciation and Amortization.

⁽⁴⁾ Debt to EBITDA represents total debt divided by EBITDA.

Note: The Company calculates EBITDA for compliance with its debt covenants using earnings from continuing operations for the trailing four quarters, as contractually defined.

⁽⁵⁾ Total debt represents the sum of notes and loans payable, current maturities of long-term debt, and long-term debt.