

**Penumbra, Inc.**

**Audit Committee Charter**

Adopted August 18, 2015

As Amended February 24, 2020

**Purpose**

The Audit Committee (the “**Committee**”) is created by the Board of Directors (the “**Board**”) of Penumbra, Inc. (the “**Company**”) to:

- assist the Board in its oversight of
  - the integrity of the Company’s financial statements, systems of disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting;
  - the Company’s accounting and financial reporting processes and financial statement audits;
  - the qualifications, independence and performance of the Company’s independent auditor;
  - the performance of the Company’s internal audit function, including without limitation the qualifications, independence and performance of the Company’s internal auditor; and
  - the Company’s compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; and
- prepare the Committee report that the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “**SEC**”) rules require to be included in the Company’s annual proxy statement.

**Membership**

The Committee shall consist of at least three members, comprised solely of directors deemed by the Board to be independent and who meet independence and experience requirements of the New York Stock Exchange. Accordingly, each member shall, in the judgment of the Board, have the ability to read and understand the Company’s basic financial statements. At least one member of the Committee shall, in the judgment of the Board, be an “audit committee financial expert” in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC, and at least one member (who may also serve as the audit committee financial expert) shall, in the judgment of the Board, have accounting or related financial management expertise in accordance

with New York Stock Exchange listing standards. No member of the Committee may serve on more than two other public company audit committees unless the Board determines that such simultaneous service will not impair the ability of the member to serve effectively on the Committee.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board shall recommend to the Board, and the Board shall appoint, members of the Committee annually and as vacancies or newly created positions arise. Committee members may be removed by the Board at any time.

## **Responsibilities**

The basic responsibility of the members of the Committee is to exercise their business judgment to act in what they reasonably believe to be in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders. In discharging that obligation, members should be entitled to rely on the honesty and integrity of the Company's senior executives and its outside advisors and auditors, to the fullest extent permitted by law. In addition to any other responsibilities that may be assigned from time to time by the Board, the Committee is responsible for the following matters.

### *Independent Auditor*

- The Committee shall be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention, termination, and oversight of the work of any accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company (subject, if applicable, to stockholder ratification). Each such accounting firm shall report directly to the Committee.
- The Committee shall pre-approve the audit services and non-audit services (including the fees and terms thereof) to be provided by the Company's independent auditor pursuant to pre-approval policies and procedures established by the Committee. The Committee may delegate its authority to pre-approve services to one or more Committee members, provided that such designee(s) present any such approvals to the full Committee at the next Committee meeting.
- The Committee shall discuss with the independent auditor its responsibilities under applicable auditing standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ("PCAOB"), review and approve the planned scope and timing of the independent auditor's annual audit plan(s) and discuss significant findings from the audit and any problems or difficulties encountered, including any restrictions on the scope of the independent auditor's activities or on

access to requested information, and any significant disagreements with management.

- The Committee shall evaluate the independent auditor's qualifications, performance and independence, and shall present its conclusions with respect to the independent auditor to the full Board on at least an annual basis. As part of such evaluation, at least annually, the Committee shall:
  - obtain and review a report or reports from the Company's independent auditor:
    - describing the independent auditor's internal quality-control procedures;
    - describing any material issues raised by (i) the most recent internal quality-control review, peer review or PCAOB review of the independent auditing firm, or (ii) any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities, within the preceding five years, regarding one or more independent audits carried out by the auditing firm; and any steps taken to deal with any such issues;
    - describing all relationships between the independent auditor and the Company consistent with applicable requirements of the PCAOB regarding the independent auditor's communications with the Committee concerning independence; and
    - assuring that Section 10A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 has not been implicated.
  - review and evaluate the lead audit partner of the independent auditor team(s), as well as other senior members;
  - confirm and evaluate the rotation of the audit partners on the audit engagement team as required by law;
  - consider whether the independent auditor should be rotated, so as to assure continuing auditor independence; and
  - obtain the opinion of management and the internal auditor of the independent auditor's performance.
- The Committee shall establish policies for the Company's hiring of current or former employees of the independent auditor.

*Internal Auditor*

- The Committee shall oversee the work of any firm engaged to perform the Company's internal audit function. Each such firm shall report directly to the Committee and administratively to management.
- The Committee shall, at least annually, evaluate the performance, qualifications, and independence of the Company's internal auditor, as well as the qualifications of its personnel, and review and approve the internal audit plan. Such evaluation shall include a review of the performance of the Company's internal auditor with management.
- The Committee shall discuss with the internal auditor significant findings from the internal audit and any problems or difficulties encountered, including any restrictions on the scope of the internal auditor's activities or on access to requested information, and any significant disagreements with management.
- The Committee shall, at least annually, evaluate the performance of the senior officer or officers responsible for administrative oversight of the internal auditor, and make recommendations to the Board and management regarding the responsibilities, retention or termination of such officer or officers.

*Financial Statements; Disclosure and Other Risk Management and Compliance Matters*

- The Committee shall meet to review and discuss with management and the independent auditor the annual audited financial statements and unaudited quarterly financial statements, including reviewing the Company's specific disclosures under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," prior to the filing of the Company's Form 10-K or Form 10-Q with the SEC;
- The Committee shall review with management, the internal auditors and the independent auditor, whenever the Committee deems appropriate:
  - any analyses or other written communications prepared by management and/or the independent auditor setting forth significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the Company's financial statements;
  - all alternative treatments of financial information within Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and the impact of the use of such alternative treatments on the Company's financial statements;

- the critical accounting policies and practices of the Company;
  - the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives, as well as off-balance sheet transactions and structures, on the Company's financial statements;
  - other material written communications between the independent auditor and management, including without limitation the management letter and schedule of unadjusted differences;
  - any major issues as to the adequacy of the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and
  - any major issues regarding accounting principles and financial statement presentations, including any significant changes in the Company's selection or application of accounting principles.
- The Committee shall review the Company's earnings press releases prior to public dissemination, the type and presentation of information included in the Company's earnings press releases, as well as financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and rating agencies, paying particular attention to the use of non-GAAP financial information.
  - The Committee may review any of the Company's other financial disclosures as the Chair of the Committee deems appropriate.
  - The Committee shall, in conjunction with the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer of the Company, review the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting. The review of internal control over financial reporting shall include whether there are any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the design or operation of the Company's internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information accurately and on a timely basis and any fraud involving management or other employees with a significant role in internal control over financial reporting. The Committee shall also review any special audit steps adopted in light of material control deficiencies.
  - The Committee shall review and discuss with the independent auditor and management any current accounting trends and developments,

and take such action with respect thereto as may be deemed appropriate by the Committee.

- The Committee shall review and discuss with the independent auditor any audit problems or difficulties and management's response thereto, including those matters required to be discussed with the Committee by the independent auditor pursuant to established auditing standards, as amended, such as:
  - any restrictions on the scope of the independent auditor's activities or on access to requested information;
  - any accounting adjustments that were noted or proposed by the independent auditor but were not adopted or reflected;
  - any communications between the audit team and the independent audit firm's national office regarding auditing or accounting issues presented by the engagement;
  - any management or internal control letter issued, or proposed to be issued, by the independent auditor; and
  - any significant disagreements between management and the independent auditor.
- In connection with its oversight responsibilities, the Committee shall be directly responsible for the resolution of disagreements between management and the independent auditor regarding the Company's financial reporting.
- The Committee shall review the Company's policies and practices with respect to risk assessment and risk management, including discussing with management the Company's major financial risk exposures and the steps that have been taken to monitor and control such exposures.
- The Committee shall establish procedures for:
  - the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters; and
  - the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Company of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.

- The Committee shall prepare the Committee report that the SEC rules require to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement.
- The Committee shall review the Company's compliance with laws and regulations, including major legal and regulatory initiatives. The Committee shall also review any major litigation or investigations against the Company that may have a material impact on the Company's financial statements. The Committee shall meet and discuss these matters with management and others as appropriate, including the General Counsel of the Company.

#### *Reporting to the Board*

- The Committee shall report to the Board periodically. This report shall include a review of the activities undertaken by the Committee, any issues that have arisen with respect to the quality or integrity of the Company's financial statements, the Company's compliance with legal or regulatory requirements, or the independence and performance of the Company's independent auditor or internal auditor, and any recommendations with respect thereto, and any other matters that the Committee deems appropriate or is requested to include by the Board.
- At least annually, the Committee shall evaluate its own performance and report to the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board on such evaluation.
- The Committee shall review and assess the adequacy of this charter annually and recommend any proposed changes to the Board.

#### **Authority and Delegations**

The Committee is authorized (without seeking Board approval) to retain special legal, accounting or other advisers, to seek any information it requires from any officer or employee of the Company or the Company's outside counsel or independent auditor, and to request that any such person meet with any members of, or advisers to, the Committee.

The Committee shall have available appropriate funding from the Company as determined by the Committee for payment of:

- compensation to any accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company;
- compensation to any firm engaged for the purpose of performing the Company's internal audit function;

- compensation to any advisers employed by the Committee; and
- ordinary administrative expenses of the Committee that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties.

The Committee is authorized (without seeking Board approval) to (i) conduct investigations into any matters within its scope of responsibility and (ii) perform any other activities consistent with this charter, the Company's bylaws or applicable law.

The Committee may delegate its authority to subcommittees or the Chair of the Committee when it deems appropriate and in the best interests of the Company.

### **Procedures**

The Committee shall meet as often as it determines is appropriate to carry out its responsibilities under this charter, but not less frequently than quarterly. The Chair of the Committee shall preside at each meeting and, in the absence of the Chair, one of the other members of the Committee shall be designated as the acting chair of the meeting. The Chair of the Committee, in consultation with the other committee members, shall determine the frequency and length of the committee meetings and shall set meeting agendas consistent with this charter.

The Committee shall meet separately, periodically, with management, with the internal auditors and with the independent auditor.

### **Limitations Inherent in the Committee's Role**

It is not the duty of the Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Company's financial statements are complete and accurate and are in accordance with GAAP and applicable rules and regulations. Furthermore, while the Committee is responsible for reviewing the Company's policies and practices with respect to risk assessment and management, it is the responsibility of the Chief Executive Officer and senior management to determine the appropriate level of the Company's exposure to risk.